Summary

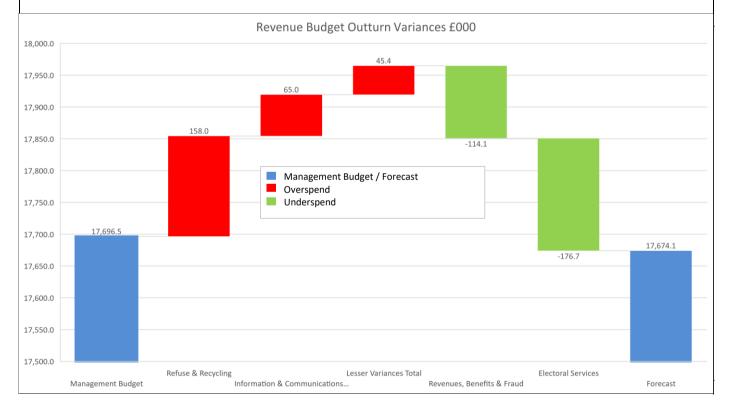
The full year forecast at the end of Quarter 1 for Service budgets is £0.024m (0.1%) lower than the management budget; the Central budgets are reporting £0.002m higher than budget, resulting in an overall forecast of £0.022m (0.1%) lower than budget.

Ongoing COVID-19 income losses are forecast to be £2.319m, £0.465k of which are expected to be funded by the Q1 Sales Fees & Charges grant from Government. Inclusion of these losses results in a forecast of £1.832m (10.4%) higher than budget.

Reconciliation of Original Budget to Management Budget for 2021/22		
Original Budget	£000	£000 17,395.0
Unspent Budget brought forward from 2020/21	218.3	,
<u>Transfers from Reserves:</u> Corporate Plan Delivery Fund Reserve	83.2	
		301.5

Management Budget 17,696.5

Headline Revenue Budget Information 2	021/22	£000	
Management Budget		17,696.5	
Year End Forecast - Servi	ce & Central Budgets	17,674.1	
Projected underspend - Service	ce & Central Budgets	(22.4)	(-0.1% of the budget)
Year End Forecast - ongoi	ng COVID-19 income losses	2,319.0	
- COVI	D-19 income losses funding (Q1 claim)	(465.0)	
Projected overspend - include	ling ongoing net COVID-19 income losses	1,831.6	(10.4% of the budget)



Forecast for Services is £0.024m over budget. Significant variances summarised below:

Refuse and Recycling: £158k overspend is due to extra Temporary Staff costs of £152k, an overtime overspend of £69k is offset by a Salaries forecast underspend.

Information & Communications Technology: £65k overspend is mostly attributable to increased maintenance costs.

Revenues, Benefits & Fraud: £114k underspend is mostly attributable to a lower forecast on the salaries budget due to vacancies and slightly lower than budgeted commercial income.

Electoral Services: £177k underspend. The forecast reflects £100k lower than budgeted election costs and £76k savings resulting from a review of long term contracts.

Forecast for Central Budgets is £0.002m over budget. There are no significant variances.

COVID-19 Ongoing Income Losses

These are detailed at Section 2 and summarised above. To be funded by calling on Reserves set aside to mitigate this risk in 2020/21.

COVID-19 Ongoing Expenditure & Funding

These are detailed at Section 3

		£000	£000
alance at start of year			3,000
Less: Transfers out (Payment of Three Year Employer Pension Contribution	in advance)		0
Add: Projected underspend	at 31 March 2022		-22
Anticipated balance at End of Year before Reserves Review/Reallocations*		-	2,977
*Maximum General Fund Balance Required (2021/22 = £3m)		2,609.3	
2. Corporate Plan Delivery Fund (CPDF) Reserve		£000	£000
Balance at start of year V21-03 CPDF Community Centre Review (carried forward from 20-21)	Community Centres	83.2	860
Balance before any further transfers in year		=	777
		=	777
3. Capital Schemes (Feasibility Studies) Reserve The Capital Schemes (Feasibility Studies) Reserve was established to ensure the obtain external professional advice for new initiatives designed to deliver new cap commercial income streams. Once a Capital scheme is approved by Executive, the back to the Capital Schemes (Feasibility Studies) Reserve.	pital schemes, including new s	ources of su	cases a
3. Capital Schemes (Feasibility Studies) Reserve The Capital Schemes (Feasibility Studies) Reserve was established to ensure the obtain external professional advice for new initiatives designed to deliver new cap commercial income streams. Once a Capital scheme is approved by Executive, the	pital schemes, including new s	ources of su	cases a
3. Capital Schemes (Feasibility Studies) Reserve The Capital Schemes (Feasibility Studies) Reserve was established to ensure the obtain external professional advice for new initiatives designed to deliver new cap commercial income streams. Once a Capital scheme is approved by Executive, the	pital schemes, including new s	ources of sunds	cases a Istainable will recyd
3. Capital Schemes (Feasibility Studies) Reserve The Capital Schemes (Feasibility Studies) Reserve was established to ensure the obtain external professional advice for new initiatives designed to deliver new cap commercial income streams. Once a Capital scheme is approved by Executive, the back to the Capital Schemes (Feasibility Studies) Reserve.	pital schemes, including new s	ources of sunds	cases a ustainabl will recy £000 2,334
3. Capital Schemes (Feasibility Studies) Reserve The Capital Schemes (Feasibility Studies) Reserve was established to ensure the obtain external professional advice for new initiatives designed to deliver new cap commercial income streams. Once a Capital scheme is approved by Executive, the back to the Capital Schemes (Feasibility Studies) Reserve.	pital schemes, including new s	ources of sunds	cases a istainable will recyc £000
3. Capital Schemes (Feasibility Studies) Reserve The Capital Schemes (Feasibility Studies) Reserve was established to ensure that obtain external professional advice for new initiatives designed to deliver new cap commercial income streams. Once a Capital scheme is approved by Executive, the back to the Capital Schemes (Feasibility Studies) Reserve. Balance at start of year 4. Economic Development Initiatives Reserve The Economic Development Initiatives Reserve was established to fund initiatives.	oital schemes, including new s he costs can be capitalised ar	ources of su nd the funds £000	cases a istainabl will recy £000 2,334 2,334
B. Capital Schemes (Feasibility Studies) Reserve The Capital Schemes (Feasibility Studies) Reserve was established to ensure that obtain external professional advice for new initiatives designed to deliver new cap commercial income streams. Once a Capital scheme is approved by Executive, the back to the Capital Schemes (Feasibility Studies) Reserve. Balance at start of year	oital schemes, including new s he costs can be capitalised ar	ources of su nd the funds £000	cases a istainabl will recy £000 2,334 2,334
3. Capital Schemes (Feasibility Studies) Reserve The Capital Schemes (Feasibility Studies) Reserve was established to ensure that obtain external professional advice for new initiatives designed to deliver new cap commercial income streams. Once a Capital scheme is approved by Executive, the back to the Capital Schemes (Feasibility Studies) Reserve. Balance at start of year 4. Economic Development Initiatives Reserve The Economic Development Initiatives Reserve was established to fund initiatives.	oital schemes, including new s he costs can be capitalised ar	ources of sund the funds £000	cases a istainabl will recy £000 2,334 2,334

Responsible Officer	Service	Original Budget £000	Total Variations £000	Management Budget £000	Year End Outturn £000	Year End Variance £000	Commentary
1. Service Budgets							
1a. Organisation							
Catherine Rose	Corporate Policy	227.8	0.0	227.8	231.9		Minor variance
	Projects & Business Assurance	204.4	0.0	204.4	192.1	(12.3)	Minor variance
Carys Jones	Communications	700.8	0.0	700.8	700.8	0.8 0.0 Nil	
	Customer Contact	400.4	0.0	400.4	400.4	0.0	Nil
Darren Wray	Information & Communications Technology	1,767.4	0.0	1,767.4	1,832.4	65.0	Increase in maintenance costs.
Kate Brown	Organisational Development & Human Resources	785.8	0.0	785.8	785.8		Nil
Joyce Hamilton	Legal Services	816.6	0.0	816.6	816.6	0.0	Nil
	Land Charges	-105.6	0.0	-105.6	-105.6		Nil
	Democratic Services	861.1	0.0	861.1	843.3	(17.8)	Savings due to review of unused budget lines.
	Electoral Services	447.9	169.3	617.2	440.5		£100k lower elections costs, £75k saving due to review of unused budget lines
	Corporate Support	184.0	0.0	184.0	184.0		Nil
Pat Main	Finance	1,326.6	0.0	1,326.6	1,326.2	(0.4)	Minor variance
	Property & Facilities	-1,495.1	0.0	-1,495.1	-1,495.1		Review in progress
	Property & Facilities - ongoing COVID income loss	0.0	0.0	0.0	51.0		Redhill Hotel £40k, Horley Leisure Centre £9k, Priory Park Paviliion £2k.
	Commercial & Investment	143.4	0.0	143.4	143.4	0.0	Nil
1b. Place							
Simon Bland	Economic Prosperity	353.6	0.0	353.6	346.6	(7.0)	Slight overspend of 9k against salary budget to reflect employee contractual payments in P3. Another P/T member of staff is planning to increase hours from P6. Market Operations are currently expecting an overall underspend of £16k as the rates are now expected to be £16k less following a government initiative to support traders with the payment of Business Rates.
Morag Williams	Fleet	886.6	0.0	886.6	900.4	13.8	Minor variance
	Refuse & Recycling	1,348.1	0.0	1,348.1	1,506.1	158.0	£152k Temporary Staff and £69k Overtime overspends are partially offset by a £69k Salaries underspend.
	Engineering & Construction	60.9	0.0	60.9	60.9	0.0	Nil
	Environmental Health & JET	1,101.4	0.0	1,101.4	1,123.1	21.7	7 Unachieveable external income from Contaminated Land £8k, Pest Control £4k, H&S £10k and other minor favourable variances.
	Environmental Licencing	-203.6	0.0	-203.6	-203.6	0.0	Nil
	Environmental Licencing - ongoing COVID income loss	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.0		Premises & Taxi licences £19k, MOT income £4k.
	Greenspaces	1,481.8	0.0	1,481.8	1,481.5	(0.3)	Minor variance
	Car Parking	-2,024.8	0.0	-2,024.8	-1,978.3		Higher than budgetted processing costs.
	Car Parking - ongoing COVID-19 income loss	0.0	0.0	0.0	1,720.0		Off-street £1.6m, on-street £0.1m (latest forecast).
	Street Cleansing	1,006.7	0.0	1,006.7	1,012.4		Minor variance
Peter Boarder	Place Delivery	354.5	0.0	354.5	339.2	(15.3)	£26k underspend against consultancy budget, as only £7k spend expected by year end. However, a slight overspend of £11k against the salary budget is expected to reflect employee contractual increases paid in P3.
Andrew Benson	Building Control	45.0	0.0	45.0	45.0	0.0	As of Q1, Salaries are forecast to underspend by £237k due to 5 vacancies across the Planning budget. In contrast, there is an overspend of £193k against consultancy and a further £24k
	Development Services	225.4	2.0	227.4	229.7		overspend against Casual Wages, to fill the vacant gaps within the team structure. However,
	Planning Policy	457.9	18.0	475.9	448.9	(27.0)	respective forecasts as the service recruits to the vacant posts.
	Planning Policy - ongoing COVID income loss	0.0	0.0	0.0	48.0	48.0	Planning fee income (worst case).

Service Community Development Partnerships Community Centres	Original Budget £000	Total Variations £000	Management Budget £000	Year End Outturn	Year End Variance	
Partnerships	453.R		2000	£000	£000	Commentary
Partnerships	/53 R			1		T
Partnerships		13.5	467.3	467.3	0.0	Nil
	406.4	15.5	421.9	421.9	0.0	
	292.1	83.2	375.3	375.9		Minor variance
Voluntary Sector Support	295.1	0.0	295.1	295.1	0.0	
Housing Services	999.3	0.0	999.3	999.3	0.0	
Benefits Paid/Subsidy Received	623.0	0.0	623.0	623.0	0.0	Salary underspend of £112k as there are currently 3 vacancies across Revenues & Benefits.
Revenues, Benefits & Fraud	-112.9	136.4	23.5	-90.6	(114.1)	There is also a small deficit of £10k within commercial trading, compared to a budgeted surplus
Commercial Trading Account - Revenue & Benefits	118.0	-136.4	-18.4	10.3	28.7	of £18k; this is under review as a further contract is due to be agreed towards the end of Q2.
Commercial Trading Account - ongoing COVID income loss	0.0	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0	External contract opportunity not pursued due to COVID staff redeployments.
Supporting People	161.4	0.0	161.4	161.4	0.0	Nil
Supporting Families	90.0	0.0	90.0	90.0	0.0	Nil
Harlequin	446.0	0.0	446.0	446.0	0.0	Nil
Harlequin - ongoing COVID income loss	0.0	0.0	0.0	155.0	155.0	Ticket sales, room hire, equipment hire, catering income.
Leisure Services	-89.1	0.0	-89.1	-89.1	0.0	
Leisure Services - ongoing COVID income loss	0.0	0.0	0.0	282.0	282.0	GLL leisure fee waived (£262k), pitch hire income £20k.
Management Team	1,158.2	0.0	1,158.2	1,158.2	0.0	
Emergency Planning	39.7	0.0	39.7	39.7	0.0	Nil
e losses	16.240.0	301.5	16.541.5	18.836.0	2.294.5	- 13.87%
	0.0	0.0			2,319.0	
	16,240.0	301.5	16,541.5	16,517.0		(0.15%)
						Fra.
						Minor variance
						Minor variance
						Minor variance
						Minor variance
						Minor variance
						1
						Minor variance
						Minor variance Minor variance
	Revenues, Benefits & Fraud Commercial Trading Account - Revenue & Benefits Commercial Trading Account - ongoing COVID income loss Supporting People Supporting Families Harlequin Harlequin - ongoing COVID income loss Leisure Services Leisure Services - ongoing COVID income loss Management Team	Revenues, Benefits & Fraud	Revenues, Benefits & Fraud	Revenues, Benefits & Fraud	Revenues, Benefits & Fraud -112.9	Revenues, Benefits & Fraud

Total Central Items	1,155.0	0.0	1,155.0	1,157.1	2.1
COVID-19 Income Losses funding (Q1 Claim)	0.0	0.0	0.0	-465.0	-465.0
Grand Total	17.395.0	301.5	17.696.5	19.528.1	1,831.6

2021/22 COVID EXPENDITURE & FUNDING (latest forecast at August 2021)	Forecast Expenduture £m	Forecast Funding £m
Homelessness Prevention Welfare Response 'Welcome Back' Expenditure & Funding Revenues & Benefits Team - additional capacity Communications/Contact Centre/Data & Insight Team - additional capacity ICT support costs Environmental Services/Waste Team - additional capacity Revenues & Benefits - other Financial Management & Monitoring Other expenditure (including Elections) Cultural, Sports, Leisure	0.230 0.228 0.166 0.136 0.119 0.086 0.073 0.061 0.060 0.052	(0.166)
Surge Testing Test & Trace Admininistration Funding New Burdens Funding Contain Outbreak Management Funding Government COVID-19 Funding Allocation 2021/22	0.026	(0.026) (0.050) (0.095) (0.274) (0.638)
Forecast Expenditure and Income 2021/22	1.268	(1.288)